Chairman Lee Smithson formally introduced himself as the new Executive Director of the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency (MEMA). He called the meeting to order and welcomed those present. Chairman Smithson introduced the meeting minutes from the December 1st council meeting. He entertained motions that the minutes be accepted. Motions were made, and the minutes from the December 1st meeting were accepted. He introduced Joel Yelverton to give the Council Coordinator’s Report.

Council Coordinator’s Report - Joel Yelverton reminded everyone that last year during this time bad weather was a major factor in the capture of orthoimagery. This caused a lot of last year’s project to be moved to this year. Additional counties were also added to make up for the lost year. Within the first four weeks of this year’s imagery capture, 90% of the project areas have been collected. By the last weekend of February 2016, 100% of the imagery has been collected. Processing has begun by the vendor. Mr. Yelverton advised that Mississippi is receiving first priority with regards to the processing based on last year’s issues concerning bad weather. Mr.
Yelverton advised that there are approximately 22 counties that haven’t participated in any of the coordinated County Orthoimagery projects. Mr. Yelverton advised that the new RFP will be going out in late Spring 2016 for the 2017 County Orthoimagery Project. The 2017 project area encompasses counties in Eastern and Southern MS. Mr. Yelverton advised that discussions are already underway regarding how we move forward with obtaining statewide orthoimagery in the future once the County Orthoimagery Project is completed in 2017. Mr. Yelverton advised that there is a new committee in the MS House of Representatives called the House Technology Committee, and Representative Scott Delano is the Chairman. He advised that at a recent meeting Mr. Delano complimented the MCCRSGIS and the work that had been done coordinating the County Orthoimagery Project based on the savings passed on to taxpayers.

**Map Mississippi** – Jim Steil updated the council on the Map MS Project. He spoke of the importance of getting the support of the council in pursuing funding solutions for Map MS. He also spoke about national address databases that are being pursued by Census and US Department of Transportation as well as private sector National Emergency Address Database (NEAD) being developed by the telecom industry. The NEAD will locate and register Wi-Fi and Bluetooth to addresses as a way of sub-addressing and locating people. Next Generation 911 (NG-911 NOW) coalition will go to an Internet Protocol (IP) based 911 scheme by the end of 2020. This would be an Information Technology (IT) driven approach to addressing. Mr. Steil stressed support for funding Map MS should not come at the expense of risking member agencies budgets. Chairman Smithson opened the floor for discussion. Dr. Orgeron asked if IHL would ask the legislature for the funding. Mr. Steil replied that Dr. Boyce would, once the project was formalized and adopted by the council. Chairman Smithson in an attempt to better understand what his role would be as Chair of the Council, sought clarification as to what he would need to do to push this forward. Mr. Steil responded that it was his opinion that the MCCRSGIS Chairman would need to introduce Map MS to the Legislature. Chairman Smithson said that he didn’t have a problem with that. The Chair recognized Mr. Mike Cresap with MS Department of Transportation (MDOT). Mr. Cresap advised that he couldn’t vote to support anything that would attach MDOT’s name to any kind of funding request per his Executive Director. Chairman Smithson recommended that this initiative be tabled for now and that he be given the opportunity to talk to Congressman Palazzo and Senator Cochran about federal funding. He advised that he will be meeting with them in DC in April. Chairman Smithson made a formal motion to table this initiative until the next quarterly meeting. The motion was seconded, voted and passed.

**NSGIC Update** – Jim Steil updated the Council on the recent National States Geographic Information Council (NSGIC) Conference. Jack Dangermond, President of Environmental Systems Research Institute (ESRI) presented on the newest technology being offered in ArcDesktop 10.4. Some of the improvements involve Big Data analysis and Air to Drone. Air to Drone allows pictures that are taken via an Unmanned Aerial System (UAS) to be digitally stitched together to create a large mosaic image. The NG-911 Now Coalition, was formally recognized at the NSGIC Conference. Coalition members are National Emergency Numbering Association (NENA), National Association of State 911 Administrators (NASNA) and Industry Council for Emergency Response Technologies (iCERT). Its goal is to migrate all of the 911 data in the country to an IP, GIS driven platform by the year 2020.

**GIS Portal/Clearinghouse Update** - Billy Rials with MS ITS provided an update on the activities of the Clearinghouse 2.0. Most of the data is currently not residing at the Clearinghouse. Data is at partner agency locations, or the partner agencies are storing their data at the State Data Center at
ITS. The effort continues to focus on making the operation of the Clearinghouse as inexpensive as possible. Mr. Rials thanked Jim Steil and MARIS for the collaboration they’ve provided with regards to duplicate data hosting. The Clearinghouse has discontinued the hosting of data that MARIS hosts. This will result in a savings to the taxpayer.

**DFIRM and MDEM** - Stephen Champlin with MDEQ updated the Council on Flood Mapping and MDEM activities. Mr. Champlin advised that last year’s LiDAR flights focused on Coastal MS. This was approximately 10,000 square miles of LiDAR flown. The first hard-drive has arrived with LiDAR data from USGS. This data is approximately 3 to 4 Terabytes of data in .7-meter nominal point spacing QL2 level. This year’s flights total 8,800 square miles of data along the MS River, the Hattiesburg area and northeast Mississippi. The total cost will be approximately 2.2 million dollars of which the NRCS will provide 1 million dollars. MDEQ, through a NOAA/MSU grant, will provide $360,000.00 dollars. The 3DEP grant will provide approximately $800,000.00 dollars. This will result in almost the entire state being covered by LiDAR, only lacking approximately 1000 square miles of LiDAR. Concerning hydrography, the southeastern part of the state has been the focus. A shift to the coastal area will occur over the next couple of weeks once coastal LiDAR has been received.

The last seven county DFIRM projects from the FEMA Map Mod program were put on hold due to levee certification issues. Monroe and Itawamba were Tenn-Tom projects, and maps for these counties should be available in the Fall of 2016. Panola, Quitman, Carroll and Tallahatchie County projects are starting back up. Three meetings will be held in the next couple of days to update the local communities concerning flood mapping activities resuming. Bolivar County will be waiting on final repairs of the Main Line Mississippi River levee. Once this is completed the flood maps for Bolivar County should be completed.

The main difference between the Risk Maps and the Original Map Mod products is that the Map Mod products were based on a countywide mapping process and the Risk Maps are based on HUC_8 Basins. Preliminary flood maps were provided to the coastal and lower Pearl River basins on April 29th. The lower Pearl were divided into two areas with Marion and Walthall being delayed for approximately 30 days. The Tenn-Tom Flood Risk Review meeting will be held sometime in the Summer of 2016. The Discovery Report for the lower Leaf River Basin will be submitted to FEMA over the next couple of weeks. The Coldwater and Tallahatchie River Basin Discovery Reports were just recently approved by FEMA and have been submitted back to the locals for final approval.

Mr. Champlin spoke about some of the projects that are currently ongoing in the Coastal MS area. In Jackson County two studies are being conducted that involve LiDAR and its use to re-draw boundaries. These areas comprise approximately 5 miles in length each. In Northern Harrison County some areas on local streams that weren’t completed due to Katrina were studied. Three areas in Harrison County are also being looked at. An area in the Northeastern part of Harrison County is an upgrade from an “A Zone” to an “AE Zone”. An area 28 miles long on the Pearl River in lower Pearl River County had previously been identified as an “A Zone” area with no flood Base Flood Elevation (BFE). The locals have requested that this area be reviewed and a BFE created.
Additional Business – Chairman Smithson asked for any additional business. He further advised that he and Mark Sanders would be attending the Central US Earthquake Consortium (CUSEC) GIS meeting in Nashville on April 12-14. While there, he will be speaking to other states in an attempt to realize other GIS funding sources. Chairman Smithson again voiced his support for the Map MS initiative and the importance of GIS in the state. Chairman Smithson advised that the tentative date for the next Council meeting would be Tuesday, June 7, 2016. A motion was made and seconded.

Meeting Adjourned
§ 19-5-319. Automatic number and location data base information; taped records of calls; confidentiality; nonidentifying records to be made available to public [Repealed effective July 1, 2014]

(1) Automatic number identification (ANI), automatic location identification (ALI) and geographic automatic location identification (GeoALI) information that consist of the name, address and telephone number of telephone or wireless subscribers shall be confidential, and the dissemination of the information contained in the 911 automatic number and location database is prohibited except for the following purpose: the information will be provided to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) on a call-by-call basis only for the purpose of handling emergency calls or for training, and any permanent record of the information shall be secured by the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) and disposed of in a manner which will retain that security, except upon court order or subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction or as otherwise provided by law.

(2) All emergency telephone calls and telephone call transmissions received pursuant to Section 19-5-301 et seq., and all recordings of the emergency telephone calls, shall remain confidential and shall be used only for the purposes as may be needed for law enforcement, fire, medical rescue or other emergency services. These recordings shall not be released to any other parties without court order or subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction.

(3) PSAP and emergency response entities shall maintain and, upon request, release a record of the date of call, time of call, the time the emergency response entity was notified, and the identity of the emergency response entity. The emergency response entity shall maintain and, upon request, release a record of the date and time the call was received by the emergency response entity and the time the emergency response entity arrived on the scene. Requests for release of records must be made in writing and must specify the information desired. Requestors shall pay the cost of providing the information requested in accordance with the Mississippi Public Records Act of 1983, Section 25-61-1 et seq. The identity of any caller or person or persons who are the subject of any call, or the address, phone number or other identifying information about any such person, shall not be released except as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

Henry Palmer, Esquire
2009 WL 1643495
May 22, 2009

Office of the Attorney General
State of Mississippi
Opinion No. 2009-00174

May 22, 2009

Henry Palmer, Esquire
P. O. Box 1205
Meridian, MS 39302

Dear Mr. Palmer:

Attorney Jim Hood has received your request and has assigned it to me for research and reply. You state:

FACTS

The Kemper County Circuit Clerk’s office and the Tax Assessor’s office are in need of updating their records. This information can be obtained through the E911 information for the County.

QUESTION

What procedure should the county go through to obtain the information contained in the E911 records to update the Circuit Clerk and County Tax Assessor’s records, to avoid violation of any statutes.

RESPONSE

Generally, there is no authority allowing the release of the E911 information to the Circuit Clerk and County Tax Assessor. Section 19-5-319 of the Mississippi Code provides:

1) Automatic number identification (ANI), automatic location identification (ALI) and geographic automatic location identification (GeoALI) information that consist of the name, address and telephone number of telephone or wireless subscribers shall be confidential, and the dissemination of the information contained in the E911 automatic number and location database is prohibited except for the following purpose: the information will be provided to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) on a call-by-call basis only for the purpose of handling emergency calls or for training, and any permanent record of the information shall be secured by the Public
Safety Answering Point (PSAP) and disposed of in a manner which will retain that security, except upon court order or subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction or as otherwise provided by law.

(Emphasis added).

This office has consistently opined that the E911 information may only be released for the specific purpose provided in Section 19-45-319, above. See MS AG Ops., Andrews (June 28, 2002), Shaw (May 23, 2003), and Lee (September 5, 2003). Only a court order could authorize the sharing of this information.

Sincerely,

Jim Hood
Attorney General

By: James Y. Dale
Special Assistant Attorney General

2009 WL 1643495 (Miss.A.G.)